NUUK DECLARATION

On the occasion of the Seventh Ministerial Meeting of

The Arctic Council

12 May 2011, Nuuk, Greenland

Ministers representing the eight Arctic States, convening in Nuuk, Greenland, for the Seventh Ministerial meeting of the Arctic Council, joined by the representatives of the six Permanent Participant organizations of the Arctic Council,

Recognizing the importance of maintaining peace, stability and constructive cooperation in the Arctic,

Reconfirming the commitment of the Arctic Council to promote environmental protection and sustainable development of the Arctic,

Welcoming the increased cooperation among the Arctic States and peoples in order to address the new challenges and opportunities,

Recognizing that the Arctic is first and foremost an inhabited region with diverse economies and societies and the importance of continued sustainable development of Arctic communities, recognizing the rights of indigenous peoples and interests of all Arctic residents, and emphasizing the continued engagement of indigenous peoples and communities as a fundamental strength of the Council,

Recognizing that rapidly changing circumstances, in particular the changing climate, have increased the challenges and opportunities facing the Arctic in both volume and complexity, and underscoring the importance of strengthening the Arctic Council to address this change,

Hereby:
STRENGTHENING THE ARCTIC COUNCIL

Announce the Agreement on Cooperation in Aeronautical and Maritime Search and Rescue in the Arctic, as the first legally binding agreement negotiated under the auspices of the Arctic Council,

Decide that the Arctic Council should continue to work towards solutions to address emerging challenges in the Arctic utilizing a wide range of approaches,

Decide to strengthen the capacity of the Arctic Council to respond to the challenges and opportunities facing the Arctic by establishing a standing Arctic Council secretariat, hereinafter the Secretariat, in Tromsø, Norway to be operational no later than at the beginning of the Canadian Chairmanship of the Arctic Council in 2013,

Decide to establish a task force to implement the decisions to strengthen the Arctic Council, including any necessary arrangements to establish the Secretariat, and approve the composition and mandate of the task force as set out in the Senior Arctic Officials’ Report to Ministers 2011 (SAO Report),

Adopt the recommendations of the Senior Arctic Officials (SAOs) on the role and criteria for observers to the Arctic Council as set out in Annexes to the SAO Report, and decide to apply these criteria to evaluate pending applicants for observer status,

Adopt the Communication and Outreach Guidelines as set out in the SAO Report and instruct the SAOs to develop a Strategic Communications Plan for the Arctic Council,

MAJOR ACCOMPLISHMENTS AND FUTURE WORK

Human Dimension

Note with appreciation and welcome the priority placed on human health issues during the Danish chairmanship, take note of the Arctic Health Ministers’ Meeting held in Nuuk in February 2011, recognize the continued health challenges and note the need to improve physical and mental health and well-being and empowerment of indigenous peoples and residents of Arctic communities,

Note the need for a comprehensive overview of human development in the Arctic and call for an assessment of the current state of human development in the Arctic and its relationship with climate change and other factors affecting Arctic communities,
Climate Change and Environmental Protection

Recognize that substantial cuts in emissions of Carbon dioxide and other greenhouse gases are the backbone of meaningful global climate change mitigation efforts,

Welcome with appreciation the full report on the assessment of the Arctic Cryosphere entitled "Snow, Water, Ice and Permafrost in the Arctic" (SWIPA), note with concern the accelerated change in major components of the cryosphere and the profound local, regional and global effects of observed and expected changes, emphasize the need for forward looking Arctic cooperation with a view to increase Arctic resilience and to enhance Arctic Council leadership to minimize the human and environmental impacts of climate change, and instruct Senior Arctic Officials to consider how best to follow up on the SWIPA recommendations in the future work of the Arctic Council,

Welcome the Arctic Council reports on Short-Lived Climate Forcers (SLCF), that have significantly enhanced understanding of black carbon, encourage Arctic states to implement, as appropriate in their national circumstances, relevant recommendations for reducing emissions of black carbon, and request the Task Force and the AMAP expert group to continue their work by focusing on methane and tropospheric ozone, as well as further black carbon work where necessary and provide a report to the next Ministerial meeting in 2013,

Decide to establish a Short-Lived Climate Forcer Contaminants project steering group that will undertake circumpolar demonstration projects to reduce black carbon and other SLCF emissions,

Note with concern that mercury levels continue to rise and present risks to the health of the human population and the wildlife in parts of the Arctic as reported in the 2011 AMAP assessment on mercury in the Arctic, and support the ongoing intergovernmental negotiations under the United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP) to conclude a global agreement on mercury that will significantly reduce global mercury use and emissions,

Appreciate actions in support of the implementation of the Stockholm Convention and the Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs) and Heavy metals protocol of the UNEP Convention on Long-Range Transboundary Air Pollution (LRTAP), and encourage countries to continue work to reduce emissions and sign, ratify and enhance the implementation of these Conventions and Protocols,

Reiterate the importance of the use of Arctic Indigenous Peoples’ traditional knowledge and capacity-building initiatives in the planning and implementation of measures to adapt to climate change, recognize that climate change and
other negative factors have impacted the traditional livelihoods and food safety and security of Arctic Indigenous Peoples and other Arctic residents and communities,

**Confirm** the commitment of all Arctic states to work together and with other countries to implement the agreements reached in Cancun by the time of the climate talks this year in Durban, South Africa, and in this context **urge** all Parties to the UNFCCC to take urgent action to meet the long-term goal of holding the increase in global average temperature below 2 degrees Celsius above pre-industrial levels,

**Decide** to establish an expert group on Arctic ecosystem-based management (EBM) for the Arctic environment to recommend further activities in this field for possible consideration by the SAOs before the end of the Swedish chairmanship,

**Direct** SAOs to review the need for an integrated assessment of multiple drivers of Arctic change as a tool for Indigenous Peoples, Arctic residents, governments and industry to prepare for the future, and, based on that review, to make recommendations for consideration by Arctic Council Deputy Ministers at their next meeting of a possible Arctic Change Assessment, including an Arctic Resilience report,

**Arctic marine environment**

**Decide** to establish a Task Force, reporting to the SAOs, to develop an international instrument on Arctic marine oil pollution preparedness and response, and **call for** the Emergency Prevention, Preparedness and Response (EPPR) and other relevant working groups to develop recommendations and/or best practices in the prevention of marine oil pollution; the preliminary or final results of both to be presented jointly at the next Ministerial meeting in 2013,

**Welcome** EPPR’s report “Behavior of Oil and Other Hazardous Substances in Arctic Waters” (BoHaSa) and its contribution to knowledge of the behaviour of oil and other hazardous substances in the Arctic and **encourage** the Senior Arctic Officials to consider the conclusions and recommendations for future Arctic Council activities,

**Recognize** the important role of the Agreement on Cooperation on Aeronautical and Maritime Search and Rescue in the Arctic for safe transport and enhancing cooperation in assisting people in distress in the Arctic,

**Urge** the completion as soon as possible of work at the International Maritime Organization to develop a mandatory polar code for ships,
Welcome the progress achieved with the Arctic Ocean Review (AOR) project which considers existing global and regional measures that are relevant for the Arctic marine environment, and look forward to the delivery of the final report of the AOR project in 2013, in particular the options and opportunities for strengthening global and regional efforts for the conservation and sustainable use of the Arctic marine environment,

Science and Monitoring

Recognize the importance of the Sustaining Arctic Observing Networks (SAON) process as a major legacy of the International Polar Year for enhancing scientific observations and data-sharing and accept the recommendations of the Senior Arctic Officials as contained in the SAO report for the ongoing management of SAON,

Recognize that the International Polar Year (IPY) was the largest circumpolar program on scientific research to date, and welcome in 2012 the "Knowledge to Action Conference" in Montreal as the concluding event of IPY and the opportunity it presents to transform knowledge and scientific results into policies that will guide our future actions related to the environment and well-being of Arctic communities,

Decide to task the Senior Arctic Officials to consider maximizing the legacy of the IPY by supporting a proposal to arrange an International Polar Decade in light of the rapid climate change of the Arctic and the need for further coordinated research of the Arctic environment and its human dimension,

Welcome the contributions of the Arctic Biodiversity Trends 2010 Report toward understanding the adaptability of nature and living resources in the Arctic to global and regional stressors, and await the scientific assessment and policy recommendations from the Arctic Biodiversity Assessment (ABA) scheduled to be completed in 2013,

Congratulate the University of the Arctic (UArctic) on its 10th anniversary, recognize its contribution in developing specialized education aimed at building capacity and fostering traditional and scientific knowledge relevant to Indigenous Peoples, Arctic communities and policy-makers, and encourage continuous support for the UArctic,

OTHER ISSUES

Adopt the recommendations in the SAO Report to Ministers and instruct SAOs to review and adjust, if needed, the mandates of the Arctic Council working groups and task forces and their work plans for 2011-2013,
Reiterate the need to finance circumpolar cooperation, as well as the importance of providing adequate funding to Permanent Participants to support their preparations for, and participation in, the Arctic Council, the working groups, task forces and Arctic Council projects,

Note the Arctic Environment Ministers Meeting in June 2010, and the Arctic Health Ministers meeting in February 2011, and welcome further high-level meetings,

Welcome continued cooperation with other relevant bodies,

Thank the Kingdom of Denmark for its Chairmanship of the Arctic Council during the period 2009-2011, and welcome the offer of the Kingdom of Sweden to chair the Arctic Council during the period 2011-2013 and to host the Eighth Ministerial meeting in 2013.
Signed by the representatives of the Arctic Council
12 May 2011 in Nuuk, Greenland

For the Government of Canada
Leona Aglukkaq
Minister of Health

For the Government of Iceland
Óssur Skarphéðinnsson
Minister of Foreign Affairs

For the Government of the Kingdom of Denmark
Lene Espersen
Minister of Foreign Affairs

For the Government of Norway
Jonas Gahr Støre
Minister of Foreign Affairs

For the Government of the Faroe Islands
Kaj Leo Johannesen
Løgmaður (Prime Minister)

For the Government of Sweden
Carl Bildt
Minister of Foreign Affairs

For the Government of Greenland
Kujjuaq Qaaqqaq
Kommissar for Naalakkersuisut (Premier)

For the Government of the Russian Federation
Sergey Lavrov
Minister of Foreign Affairs

For the Government of Finland
Jukka Varjo
Minister of Foreign Affairs

For the Government of the United States of America
Secretary of State

Hillary Clinton
Secretary of State